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FEASIBILITY OF THE PATIENT-GENERATED SUBJECTIVE GLOBAL ASSESSMENT (PG-SGA) IN LONG-STAY NURSING HOME RESIDENTS

Joao Pinho^{* 1}, Faith D. Ottery^{2, 3}, Isabel Santoalha^{4, 5}, Paula Pinto^{1, 6}, Catarina Leite^{5, 7}, Carla Gondar⁷, Antónia Vigário⁴, Harriët Jager-Wittenaar^{3, 8}

¹Nutrition Services, Centro Hospitalar Médio Ave, EPE, V.N. Famalicão, Portugal, ²Ottery & Associates, Vernon Hills (Chicago), United States, ³Research Group Healthy Ageing, Allied Health Care and Nursing, Hanze University of Applied Sciences, Groningen, Netherlands, ⁴Nutrition Services, Centro Hospitalar Médio Ave, EPE, Sto. Tirso, ⁵Faculty of Nutrition and Food Science, University of Porto, Porto, ⁶Nutrition Science, University Institute of Health Sciences, Paredes, ⁷Nutrition and Food Services, Irmandade e Santa Casa da Misericórdia de Santo Tirso, Sto. Tirso, Portugal, ⁸ Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery, University of Groningen, University Medical Center Groningen, Groningen, Netherlands

Presentation Method: Oral or Poster presentation **Please indicate your professional occupation:** Dietitian

The presenting author fulfills the above conditions and wants to apply for a travel award: No

Rationale: The PG-SGA is a validated instrument to assess malnutrition and its risk factors, of which the first four boxes are designed to be completed by the subjects and the worksheets by the professional. A score ≥9 indicates critical need for intervention. It is unknown if nursing home residents are able to independently complete the patient component of the PG-SGA. In this study, we aimed to assess feasibility of completing the PG-SGA in long-stay nursing home residents.

Methods: 175 elderly in 5 Portuguese nursing homes (long-stay) were asked to complete the patient component of the PG-SGA. If not feasible, required information was given by a carer/health care professional/researcher. Help needed with completion of the PG-SGA was recorded. Two researchers completed the professional component of the PG-SGA.

Results: Population was defined by age 82.8±9.43 years; female 74%; ≤4th grade education level 93%; moderate/severe cognitive impairment 91%. Data were complete in 110/175; weight data were not available in 65/175. Two (university education level) out of 175 of the subjects were able to complete the patient component of the PG-SGA independently. 173 needed help: 3 needed help with interpreting, 13 with reading/writing, 88 with reading/interpreting/writing. 69 were done solely by the nurse/researchers. 13/65 subjects without available weight data met the threshold of ≥9 points, indicating the lack of data did not impact triaging. The researchers completed the professional component of the PG-SGA in all 175 subjects.

Conclusion: The PG-SGA can be effectively applied in long-stay nursing home residents. For those with cognitive/educational issues unable to complete the patient component themselves or independently, the information can be completed by the carer/health care professional. Lack of weight data in this setting may underestimate total PG-SGA scores.

Disclosure of Interest: J. Pinho: None Declared, F. Ottery Other: copyright holder of the Patient-Generated Subjective Global Assessment (PG-SGA), co-owner and co-developer of the PG-SGA based Pt-Global app, I. Santoalha: None Declared, P. Pinto: None Declared, C. Leite: None Declared, C. Gondar: None Declared, A. Vigário: None Declared, H. Jager-Wittenaar Other: co-developer of the PG-SGA based Pt-Global app

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